

BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (BACT) GUIDELINE 3.7

Equipment Category:	Landfill Gas Fired Engines
Revision:	1.1
Date:	January 15, 2019

Pollutant	BACT Requirement	BACT Technology	Performance Standard	AIP/TF
NOx	1	Gas pre-treatment (filtration, refrigeration, carbon adsorption, ammonia scrubbers), Selective catalytic reduction (SCR) with urea injection and ammonia slip of 5 ppmv @ 15% O ₂	9 ppmv @ 15% O ₂ ; 0.120 g/bhp-hr	AIP
ROC	1	Gas pre-treatment (filtration, refrigeration, carbon adsorption), oxidation catalyst	25 ppmv @ 15% O ₂ (as methane); 0.115 g/bhp-hr	AIP
СО	1	Gas pre-treatment (filtration, refrigeration, carbon adsorption), oxidation catalyst	25 ppmv @ 15% O ₂ ; 0.200 g/bhp-hr	AIP
SO _x , PM, PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	1	Landfill gas treated using a continuously operating sulfur removal system	Case-by-case	AIP
Multiple Pollutants	1	Engine Inspection and Maintenance Plan	N/A	AIP

Notes:

- 1. NO_x means oxides of nitrogen (as NO₂) and SO_x means oxides of sulfur (as SO₂).
- 2. AIP means Achieved in Practice. TF means Technologically Feasible.
- 3. BACT is the most stringent control technique for the emissions unit and equipment category that is either achieved in practice or technologically feasible/cost effective.
- 4. BACT determinations are subject to periodic updates without advanced notice.