Draft Rule 364 Refinery Fenceline & Community Air Monitoring

Community Advisory Council Meeting

Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District

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Assembly Bill 1647 (2017-2018)

- Concerns about public health and air quality impacts from refineries.
- AB 1647 approved by the Governor of California on October 8, 2017.
 - Applicable to all refineries statewide, with only 1 refinery within Santa Barbara County.
- AB 1647 requires the following:
 - 1) Petroleum refineries install, operate, and maintain a fenceline air monitoring system.
 - 2) Air districts install, operate, and maintain a refinery-related community air monitoring station.
 - 3) Real-time data is made accessible to the public.
 - 4) Refineries are responsible for the costs to implement the requirements.



Refineries in Other Districts

District	Rule Number	Adoption Date	# Applicable Refineries
Bay Area AQMD	Reg 12, Rule 15	April 20, 2016	5
South Coast AQMD	Rule 1180	Dec 1, 2017	7
San Joaquin Valley APCD	Rule 4460	Dec 19, 2019	2 - 4
SLO County APCD	No Rule	No Rule	1



Santa Maria Asphalt Refinery

- Originally constructed in 1932.
- Current owner is California Asphalt Production Inc.
- Produces up to 10,000 barrels per day of petroleum-based products.
 - Includes naphtha, kerosene distillate, and gas oils.
 - Majority of product is used in asphalt production.
- Permitted equipment at the facility includes:
 - Fractionator tower,
 - Boilers and process heaters,
 - Storage tanks, and
 - Loading racks.



Santa Maria Asphalt Refinery



Santa Maria Asphalt Refinery

- Refinery is subject to permit conditions, regular District inspections and on-going reporting requirements.
- Applicable rules that reduce air emissions include the following:
 - Rule 331: Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) program.
 - Rule 326: Vapor recovery on storage tanks.
 - Rule 346: Vapor recovery on loading rack.
 - Rules 342 & 361: Low NOx burners on combustion units.
 - Stationary Diesel ATCM: Limits on emergency engines.



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Proposed Refinery Fenceline Monitoring

• OEHHA Analysis of Refinery Chemical Emissions [March 2019] identified the prime chemicals from refineries statewide.

TABLE 1 - POLLUTANTS FOR FENCELINE AIR MONITORING

Air Pollutants	
Benzene	
Toluene	
Ethylbenzene	
Xylene	
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	
Hydrogen Sulfide (H ₂ S)	



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Proposed Refinery Fenceline Monitoring

- Open Path Fenceline Monitoring Technologies
 - Collect measurements over a large area.
 - Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR)
 - Ultraviolet Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy (UVDOAS)



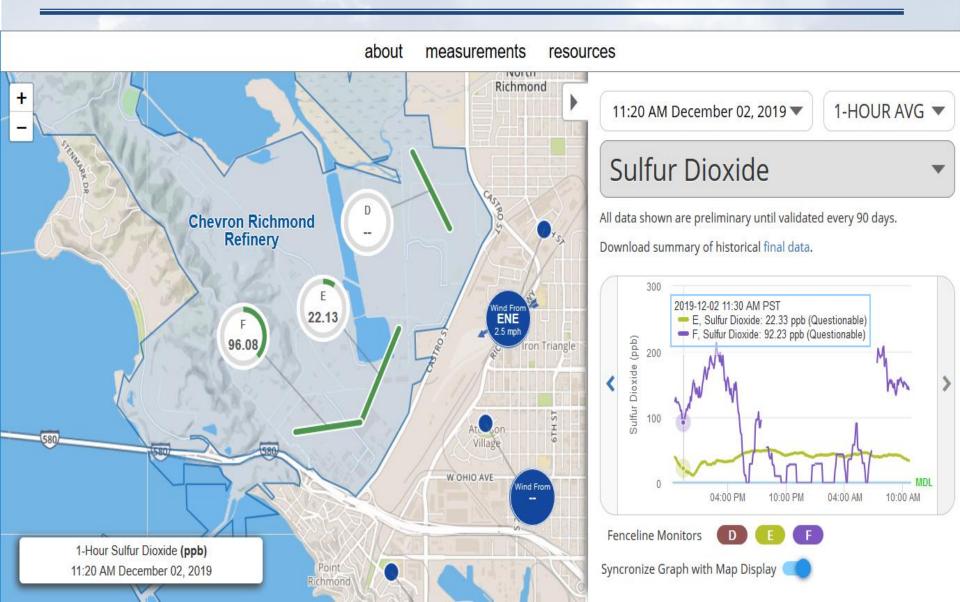
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Proposed Refinery Fenceline Monitoring

- Monitoring Plan submitted 3 months after rule adoption.
- Plan needs to conform with the District's Fenceline Air Monitoring Guidelines:
 - Equipment specifications and justification that the equipment will accurately measure real-time pollutant levels.
 - Timeline for installing the equipment.
 - Procedures for equipment maintenance and failures.
 - Procedures for QA/QC by a qualified independent party.
 - Methods for disseminating data to the public.
- After District approval of the Monitoring Plan, refinery has 270 days to install and operate the fenceline system.



Public Data - Example



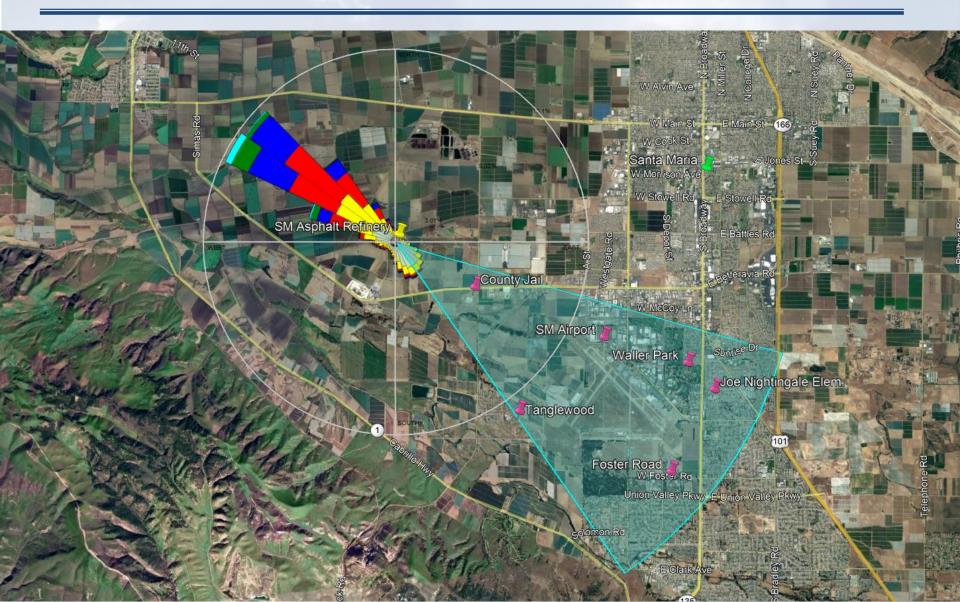
Community Monitoring

- District must operate a community monitor to measure the same refinery-related pollutants.
- Nearest monitoring station is in central Santa Maria.
 - Monitors ozone, NO₂, CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}
 - Station is being moved after assuming responsibility from CARB.
 - Current location also unlikely to adequately monitor refinery pollutants based on wind patterns.
- The District is evaluating locations to move the existing station and co-locate the community monitoring station.



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Potential Community Locations



Estimated Community Monitoring Costs

- Refinery responsible for all costs to implement.
 - Initial costs: Used to purchase new monitoring equipment.
 - Annual costs: Includes costs for the site lease, electricity, maintenance, and District staff time.

TABLE 2 - ESTIMATED COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING STATION COSTS

	Co-Located	Independent	Cost Difference
Initial Capital Costs	\$253,750 ¹	\$367,500	\$113,750 ²
Annual Operating and Maintenance Costs ³	\$62,900	\$109,700	\$46,800

- 1: Due 3 months after rule adoption.
- 2: Upon written notification by the District, due within 60 days.
- 3: Invoiced annually in January.

Public Workshop

- December 16, 2019 at APCD office in Santa Barbara.
 - Attended by the refinery and consultants.
 - Comments and responses shown in Staff Report.

#	Comment	District Response
1)	Request to limit pollutant list to only BTEX.	Focused pollutant list on BTEX, SO_2 , and H_2S .
2)	Request to extend the implementation timeline from 180 days to 1 year.	Implementation timeline extended to 270 days.
3)	Promotes the co-located community monitor approach.	The District supports this approach.



Questions?

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